



# European Consumer and Competition Day

Impact of Digitization on Market Relations  
in the Energy Market –  
Presentation by Association of Energy Market Innovators  
(bne)

Amsterdam, 18.04.2016

# Who is bne and what are our goals?

bne ...

- bne represents the interests of grid-independent energy suppliers and energy service companies in Germany. Unlike suppliers with a connected grid, bne-members are free of monopoly interests: They are committed to fair competition and a diverse energy market.

.... has the following goals

- To promote a competitive regulatory framework for the energy sector
- To implement and control competitive principles on the market
- To implement fair conditions for competition in the design of grid access and grid use
- To protect customers as consumers in competition

.... in English: **Association of Energy Market Innovators**

# bne currently has 46 ordinary members:

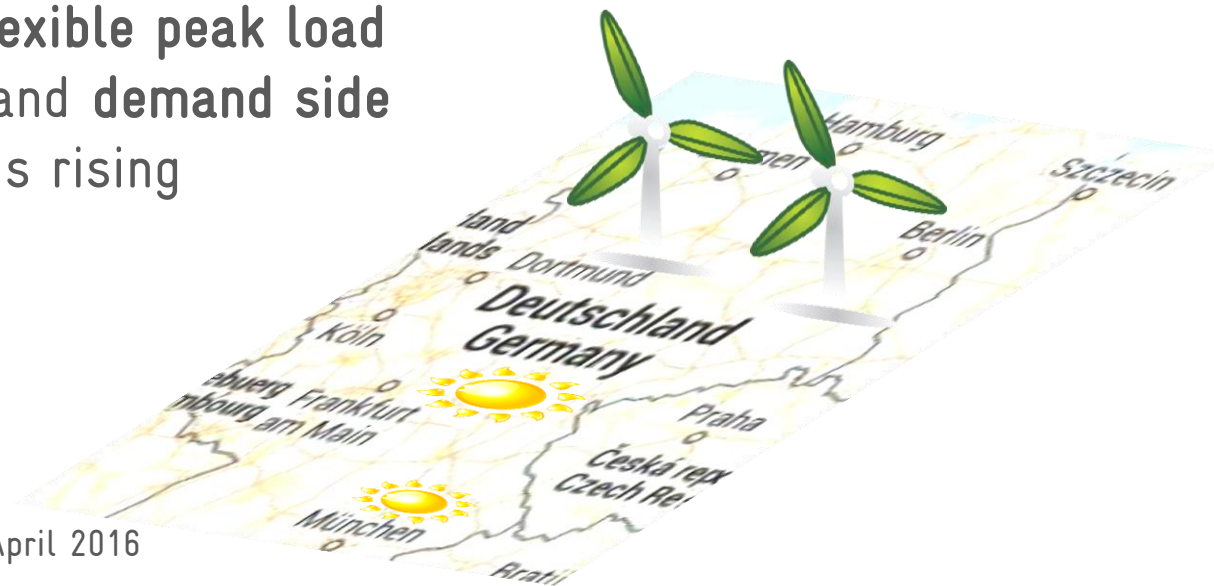


# Agenda

1. General trends in the German electricity market
2. Flexibility is key to future energy markets
3. Flexibility & Digitization = Smart Meter
4. Data Management
5. Regulatory Barriers

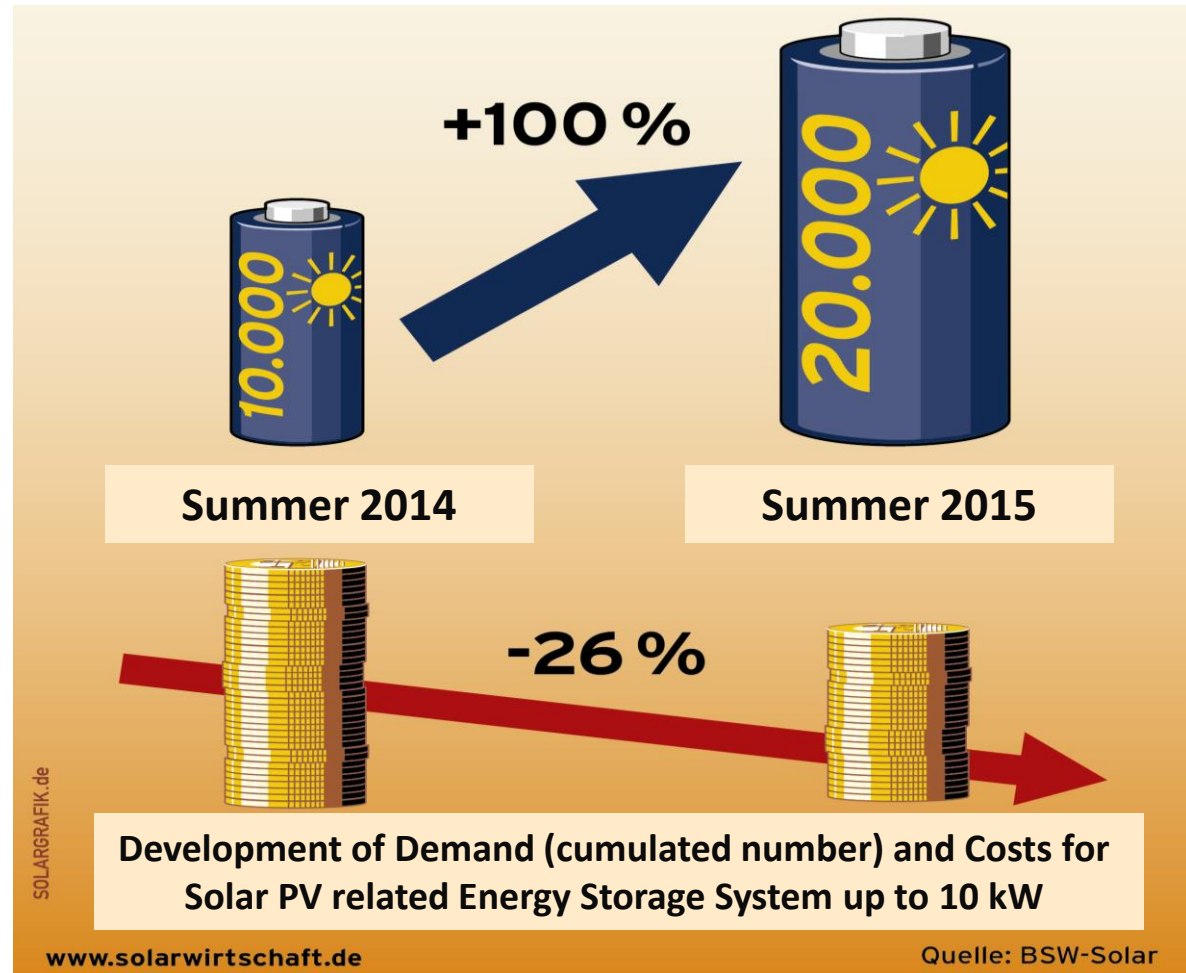
# General trends in the German electricity market (1)

- Renewable energy will take on a greater role in power supply
- Wind and PV installations will play a central role in this development
- Electricity production depends on the weather situation and becomes more volatile
- Need for base load is decreasing while demand for **flexible peak load technologies** and **demand side management** is rising



# General trends in the German electricity market (2)

- Dramatic cost reductions position battery storage as a critical game-changer.



## General trends in the German electricity market (3)

- Connecting the markets for **electricity**, gas and district heating will play a crucial role in decarbonizing our economy.
- The same is applying to the **transport sector**: Using **electricity** will be necessary to achieve our carbon emission reduction goals.

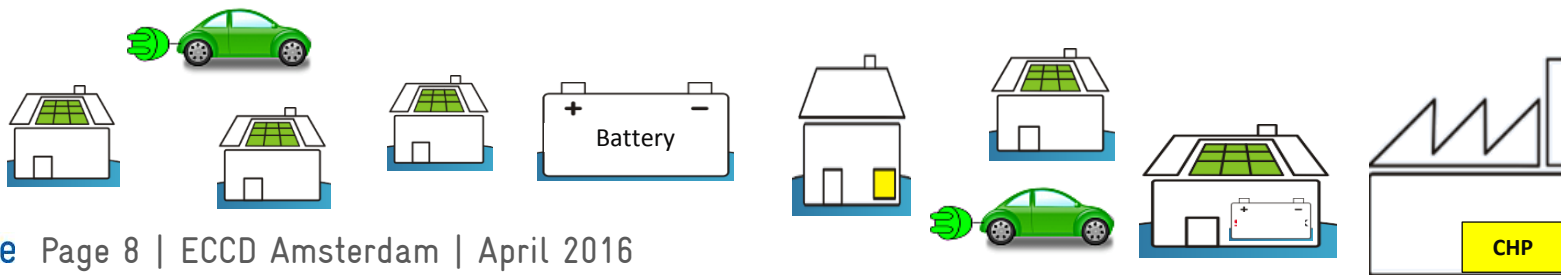
→ Electricity will be “the leader”

- **Electrification** means increasing the use of electricity in satisfying final energy demand. Concretely: **Replacing fossil fuels with low-carbon electricity** in meeting daily energy needs.
- **Electrification** holds enormous **flexibility potential** for the electricity market.



# Where do we find flexibility?

- Thermal conventional and bioenergy power plants can adapt their electricity production. Wind and solar PV installations can reduce their generation.
- Industrial, commercial and residential consumers can reduce their power demand to some extent in times of high residual load and shift their demand to times of low residual load.
- Storage systems can also help balance power production and consumption.
- As for residential customers, best positioned to offer flexibility are those that have PV-related storage systems, electric vehicles or electric heating appliances such as heat pumps for example.





# Who is bringing flexibility to the energy markets?

1. **Energy supply company** possessing the knowledge and expertise to bring flexibilities to the market (as an integrated provider)
2. **Independent Aggregator** (→ Management of flexibility is separate from energy supply)
3. **Cooperation** / service agreement between independent aggregator and energy supply company (e.g., white labeling)

# Flexibility Management: Searching and finding products – where is competition?

## Best Marketing

Market  
price  
signals

Weather  
forecast

Regulation

Energy supply

Trading

Network needs

Energy Service  
Provider

Aggregated  
flexibility  
schedule

Platform

Monitoring &  
Transmitting  
Real-time Data

Selecting  
Industrial Sector,  
Facility, Process

Photovoltaik Wärme/Kälte

Mikro BHKW Pumpen

Elektroauto Speicher

Geräte

Local flexibility  
schedule

Local  
optimization

Schedule Management,  
Operational Controlling &  
Steering etc.

# Technical requirements for marketing flexibility

- **Advanced measurement devices** recording electricity consumption data on frequent intervals (minimum requirements in Germany: every 15 min = 96 data points per day)
- **Communication infrastructure** transmitting the recorded values in a secure manner
- **Operational control** of appliances and devices (Direct Load Control)

**In Germany: Installation of so-called  
“*Intelligent Metering System*” is pre-requisite!**

# Current situation in Germany – Challenges that need to be addressed

## Basic Problem:

All customers  
with annual consumption  
below 100,000 kWh



One meter-reading  
per year = one data  
point per year!

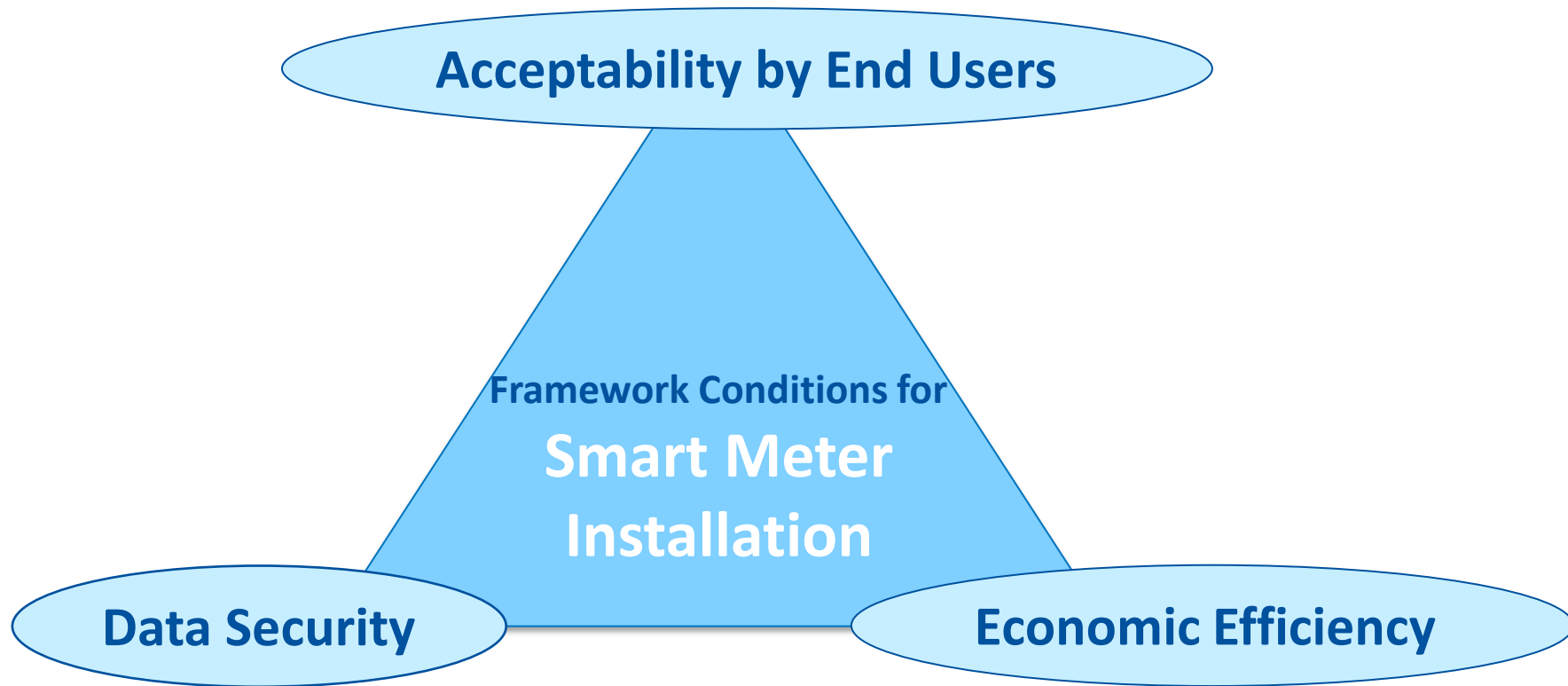
Activating Flexibility Options

More data points at  
high costs (between  
800 and 1000 EUR  
per year charged by  
DSOs)



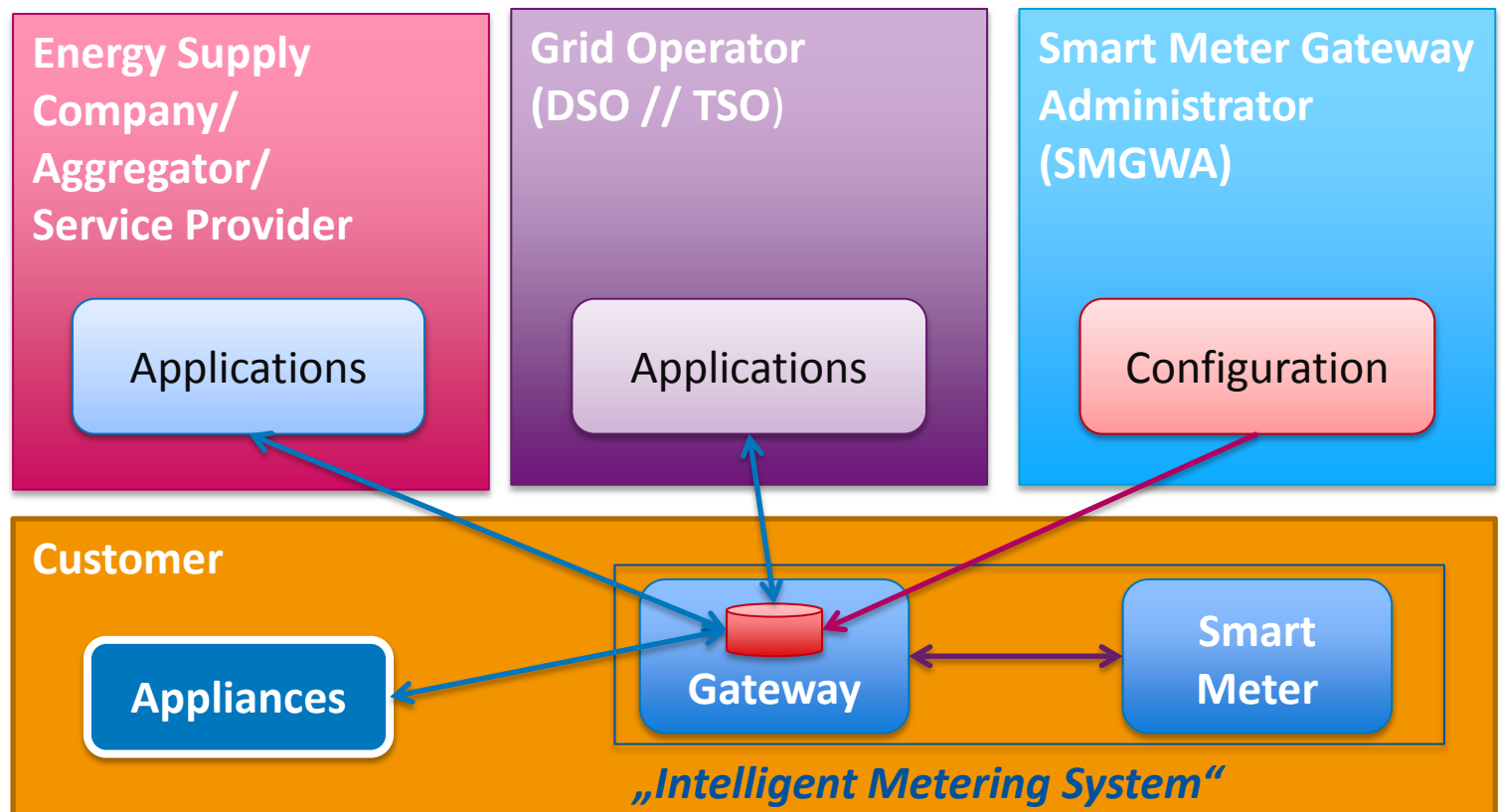
- Advanced consumption metering will be required
- Methods for balancing group management and billing processes need to be enhanced

# Smart Meter Challenge Triangle: Balancing the trade-offs between different objectives

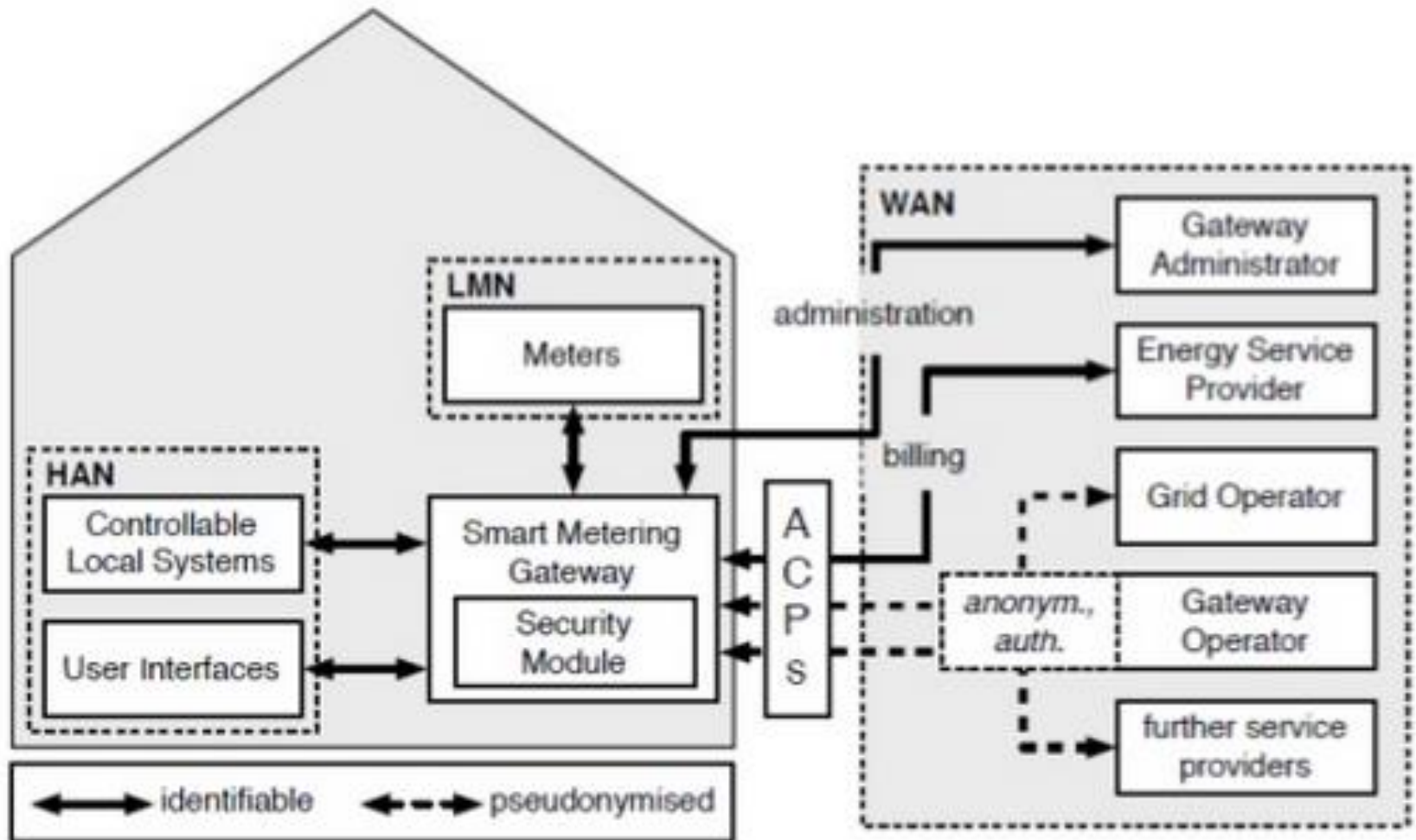


# „Intelligent Metering System“ and Data Management

According to the current German law proposal on the digitization of the energy transition, data management will be based on the principle of radial market communication:



# Smart Meter Architecture in Germany (= “Intelligent Metering System”)



Graph taken from Wipro

# Current Draft Digitization Law (April 2016)

- Must-Rollout above 6.000 kWh/year
- Must-Rollout >7kWp (Renewables/CHP)
- Must-Rollout in case of network tariff reduction (flexibility)
- Can-Rollout in remaining cases
- Staggered price caps in place for metering systems
- Liberalization Metering Operator – however, DSO is default metering operator
- Unbundling DSO/Metering Operator/Supplier
- Tender for „Must-Rollout“ in case, DSO won't do it
- New balancing system (no more standard load profiles!)



# Regulatory barriers for the introduction of Demand Side Flexibility

- Today's **network tariff structure** (currently greatest challenge in Germany!)
- **Market price signals** are often superseded by other price components (such as levies, taxes and network fees)
- **Greater price spreads** on the spot markets are needed to generate positive business cases for Demand Side Flexibility (Problem: existing generation overcapacity and regulations which help delaying their dismantling)
- Defining **clear roles, rights and responsibilities for independent aggregators** and **setting up standardized processes**



Thank you for your attention!

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